Statement of Reserves and Provisions

- 1. This appendix sets out details of the reserves and provisions held by the council. These balances have been subject to a detailed review as part of the budget process. The items in bold show the changes that are being recommended.
- 2. One of the requirements of the Financial Planning Strategy is to have flexible use of the Budget Stabilisation Reserve. The fund incorporates any annual under-spends and absorbs any annual over-spends. It is recommended that any variance in the 2017/18 budget is put into this reserve or absorbed by this reserve.
- 3. It is recommended that £1,677,000 be transferred into the Property Investment Strategy Reserve. This will ensure that acquisitions are funded in the most efficient way and also replace the reduced funding now expected from the New Homes Bonus.
- 4. A Corporate Project Support Reserve is already in place to finance projects including 'invest to save' initiatives. It is recommended that £149,000 be transferred into the Corporate Project Support Reserve to help fund future project work.
- 5. To fund these increases it is recommended that the following reserves are reduced:
- 6. Reduce the Budget Stabilisation Reserve by £1,000,000. This reduction will leave an adequate amount in the reserve as required in the 10-year budget (Appendix B).
- 7. **Reduce the Pension Fund Valuation Reserve by £716,000.** This reserve can be reduced following the improved triennial pension fund valuation provided by the pension fund actuaries in 2016.
- 8. Reduce the First Time Sewerage Reserve by £50,000 as some liabilities have expired.
- 9. Reduce other smaller reserves by £60,000 following a review of the ongoing requirements.

The table below sets out the reserves and provisions held at 1 April 2016

The table below sets out	01/04/16	Purpose (some further details are included in the Statement of Accounts 2015/16)
Provisions	£000	
Business Rates Appeals	2,536	The change to the Business Rates Retention scheme means that the Council has to provide for its share of the costs arising from successful appeals by business ratepayers.
Accumulated Absences	152	Absorbs the difference that would otherwise arise on the General Fund Balance from accruing for compensated absences (e.g. annual leave) earned but not taken in the year. Opposite entry in Unusable Reserves.
Municipal Mutual Insurance (MMI)	289	A solvent run-off of MMI is now unlikely which may result in Councils being liable to clawback of monies paid out.
Other	93	To cover potential restitutionary claims in respect of personal search fees of the land register.
Sub Total	3,070	
Capital Receipts		
Capital Receipts	381	Balance from previous asset sales and mortgage repayments. Can be used to fund future capital expenditure.
Earmarked Reserves		
Action and Development	395	To fund ad hoc and unplanned expenditure (including emergencies and flooding).
Asset Maintenance	1,000	To fund emergency works to assets.
Budget Stabilisation	8,001	To support decisions required to continue to produce a balanced budget in future years.
Business Rates Retention	2,222	To manage the volatility in yearly cash flows in the Collection Fund caused by the complexities in the Business Rates Retention Scheme.
Capital Financing	266	Annual contributions from revenue to fund some capital projects.
Carry Forward Items	408	
Community and Business	382	External funding received for ongoing and future projects.
Corporate Project Support	616	To fund invest to save projects and external expertise required to investigate proposed projects.
Financial Plan	3,659	To support the 10-year budget and Property Investment Strategy.

First Time Sewerage	316	Transferred from a provision for potential liabilities relating to earlier sewerage
		installations.
Flood Support	144	To give grants to businesses that have suffered flooding and make claims under the
		Business Flood Support Scheme.
Housing Benefit Subsidy	638	Provides a cushion against large movements in reclaimable sums in any year.
IT Asset Maintenance	347	To fund future IT asset maintenance costs.
Local Plan/LDF	712	To help support the Local Plan and Local Development Framework.
New Homes Bonus	379	NHB is being kept separate and used to fund the Property Investment strategy.
(NHB)		
Pension Fund Valuation	1,216	To contribute towards downturns in future pension fund actuarial valuations.
Property Investment	15	To support the aims of the Property Investment Strategy.
Reserve		
Re-organisation	437	To fund actions taken to achieve annual budget savings.
Vehicle Insurance	312	Own vehicle damage for the commercial vehicle fleet. Contributions are made from
		the trading accounts.
Vehicle Renewal	605	Vehicle replacement for the commercial vehicle fleet. Contributions are made from
		the revenue trading accounts each year
Others	858	Includes Rent Deposit Guarantee, Local Strategic Partnership, Housing Benefit, Big
		Community Fund etc.
Sub Total	22,928	
General Fund	1,500	Acts as a working balance to meet unexpected issues during the year, for which a
		minimum of 10% of net service expenditure recommended. It also meets any planned
		deficits on the revenue account.
TOTAL	27,879	

Definitions:

Provisions - funds set aside for liabilities or losses which are known obligations, but are uncertain as to amounts or dates. Expenditure can be charged direct against the Provision without being reflected in the Revenue Account.

Capital Receipts - money received from the sale of assets (normally land and buildings) and the repayment of grants and advances (e.g. mortgage repayments). Such receipts can only be used to repay debt, or to finance capital investment.

Earmarked Reserve - amounts set aside for purposes falling outside the definition of Provisions. Expenditure should not be charged direct to reserves, but shown in the Revenue Account with the transfer to or from the reserve distinguished from service expenditure.

Unallocated Reserve - the General Fund balance. This amount is not set-aside for a specific purpose.